

How are we doing?

Watershed Scorecard for the Napa River and Sonoma Creek Watersheds

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Funding for this project came from the CALFED Watershed Program (agreement 4600004706), administered by California Department of Conservation. Funding also came from the SWRCB (2005 - 2006 Consolidated Grants - Proposition 50 Coastal Non Point Source Pollution Control, Agreement 06-346-552-0). We thank Leigh Sharp for helping obtain funding and Tina Swanson for expert advise on the approach.

Napa River watershed by Lowell Downey

The Project

The Sonoma Creek and Napa River communities share a need for tools that focus attention on watershed management, describe current conditions and trends, and provide a common vocabulary for discussing natural resource stewardship in Natura their watersheds. To meet this need, we are developing a Watershed Health Scorecard, a simple one-page report card on the condition of our natural resources, backed by the best science available.

Ultimately, the scorecards will evaluate all aspects of watershed health. Initially, we focused on one key element: water supply. We selected five indices with which to answer the question:

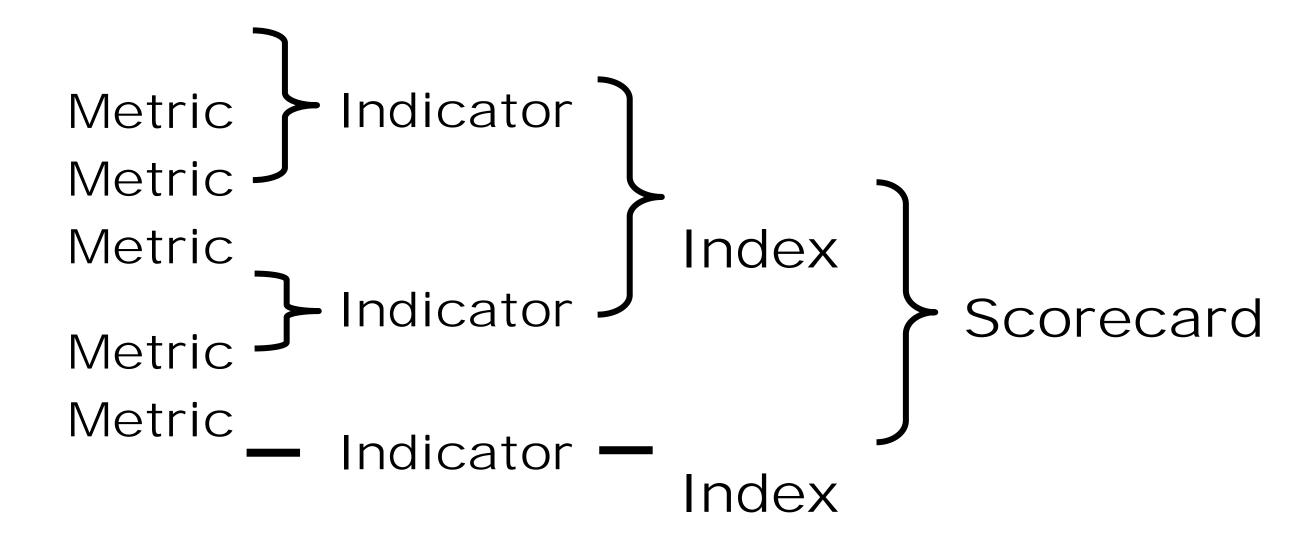
How is the watershed doing at providing enough water, now and in the future, for people and nature?

Each index is composed of one or more indicators scored for the 2007 water year based on a reference condition or management target. Developing a watershed health scorecard highlights the kinds of monitoring data needed to produce indicators that lead to better natural resource management.

Project Goals

- . Develop and score a set of multi-metric indices for water supply that is based in water supply model for Napa River and Sonoma Creek watersheds
- . Develop visually appealing scorecard for each watershed that is scientifically accurate, comprehensible, relevant, and addresses: How are we doing?
- . Provide decision makers with information on assessments for planning and recommendations for necessary monitoring, regulatory, restoration, and management actions
- . Analyze lessons learned from process that may assist other scorecard projects

From metric to scorecard



Criteria for Metrics:

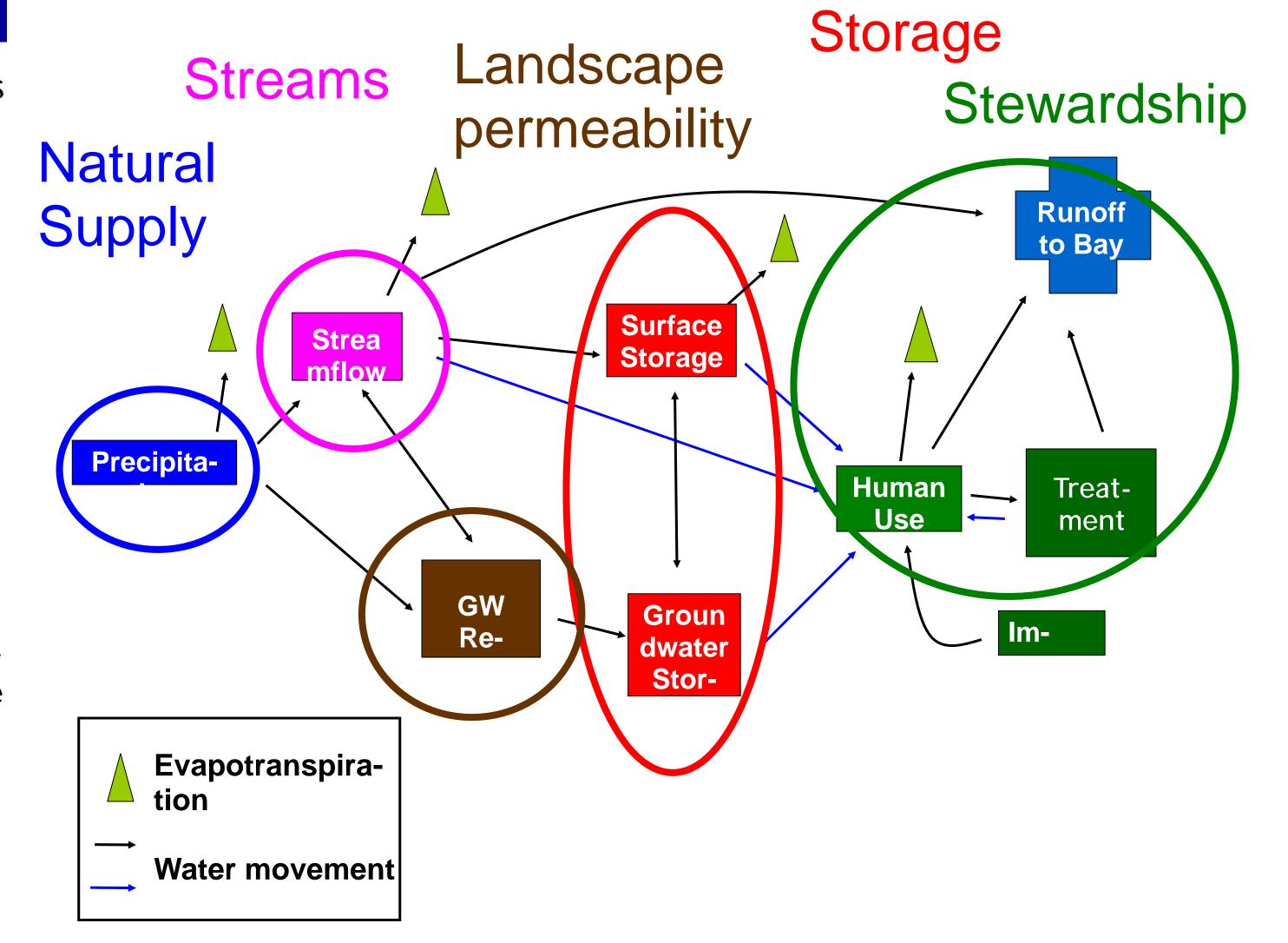
- collected consistently, funded
- . public, reliable, accurate, useable
- report on sustainability and watershed health

Criteria for Indicators & Indices:

- . relevant to human concerns, watershed integrity
- components determine function of the watershed

Approach

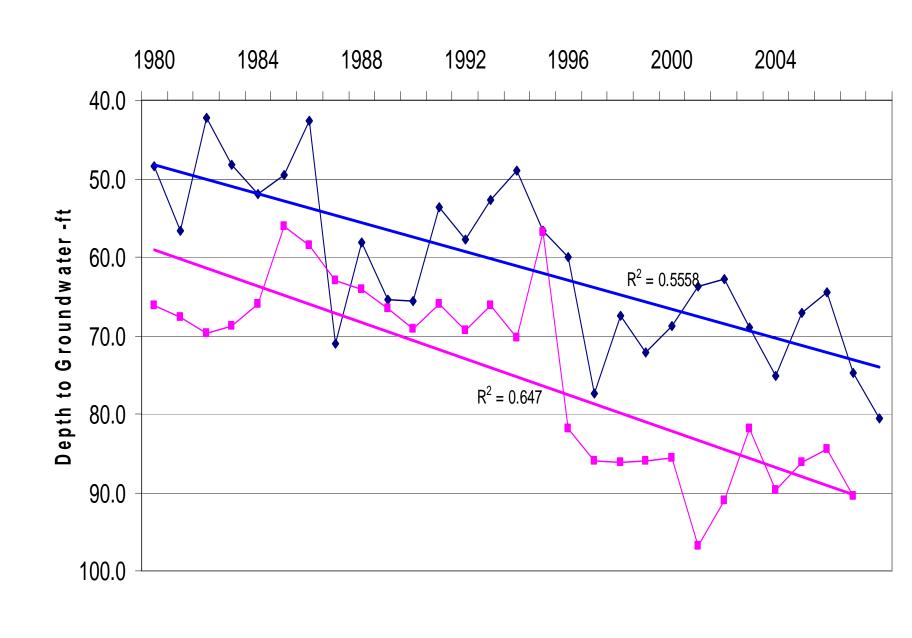
Conceptual model of water supply was used to derive 5 indices



Anatomy of an indicator: Groundwater - MST Basin in Napa Valley

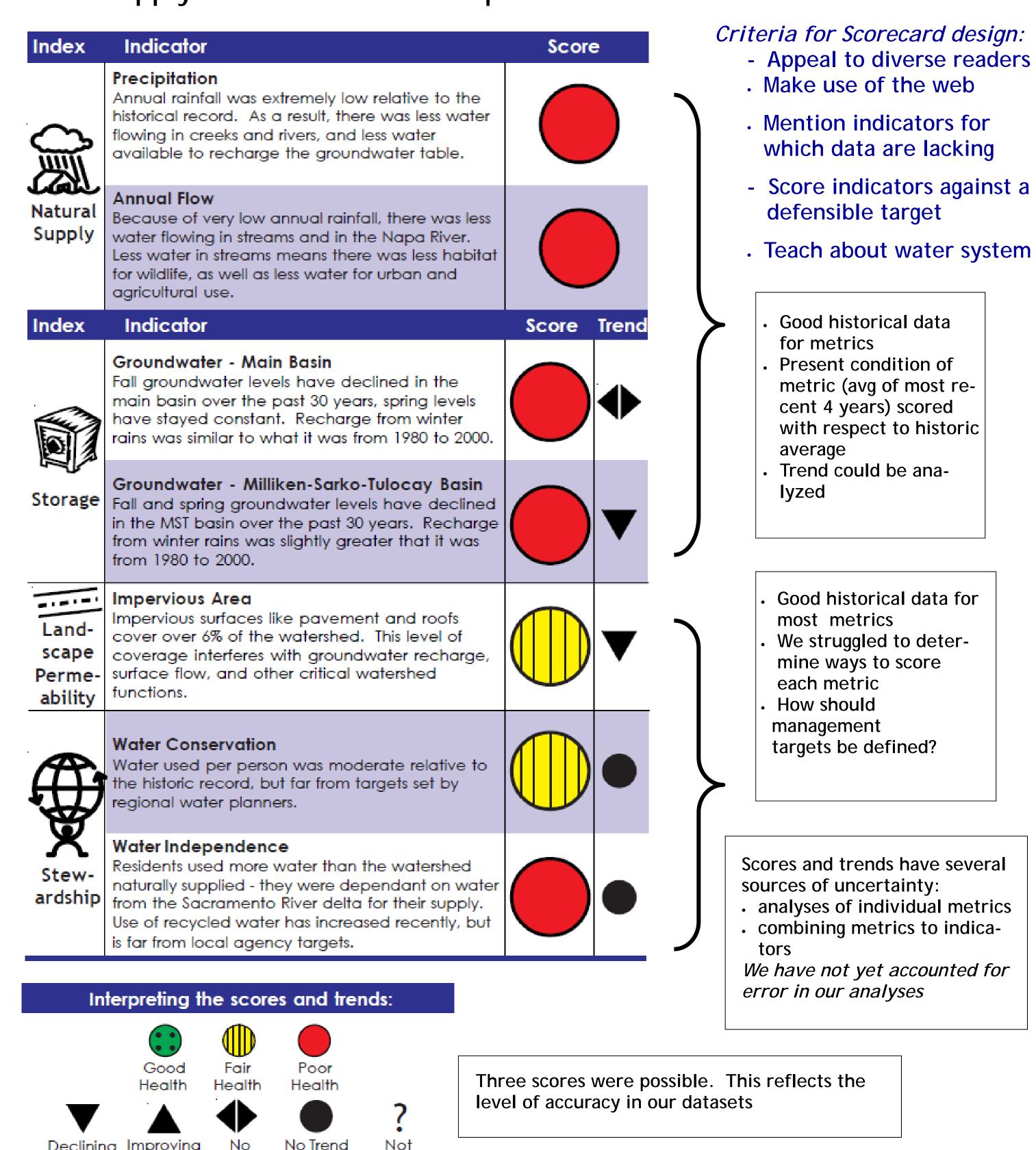
- . 3 metrics: depth to groundwater in spring, depth to groundwater in autumn, groundwater recharge
- . Data from 7 wells, over 27 years
- . Present condition of each metric (average of most recent 4 years) scored with respect to historic average, 3 scores averaged to create indicator score
- . Statistical error for score has not yet been evaluated

Depth to groundwater in spring and a autumn in MST basin



Water Supply Scorecard

Water Supply Scorecard for the Napa River Watershed: 2004-2007



Lessons Learned

The project team wrestled with matching up information we want to convey with the limited set of available data to develop health indicators and indices

- Depending on questions and indicators, scoring a single year's worth of data may not be the best approach.
- . Scoring indicators is challenging, but important. Project teams should agree to score with the best available standard.
- Indices should be adaptable to specific metrics and characteristics of individual watersheds; in two adjacent watersheds, data and ecosystem drivers varied widely.
- Accounting for uncertainty can be a huge technical hurdle. Other scorecard efforts should account for this early and transparently.